State of Louisiana DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION



OFFICE OF STATEWIDE REPORTING AND ACCOUNTING POLICY

M. J. AMIKE@ FOSTER, JR. GOVERNOR

MARK C. DRENNEN
COMMISSIONER OF ADMINISTRATION

June 12, 2003

OSRAP MEMORANDUM 03-36

TO: All ISIS State Agencies

FROM: F. Howard Karlton, CPA, CGFM

Director

SUBJECT: Instructions for Preparation of the Annual Fiscal Report (AFR)

Enclosed are the instructions and forms necessary for the completion of your reporting entity's Annual Fiscal Report for the period ending June 30, 2003. OSRAP will prepare all of the depreciation schedules for movable property and buildings.

As in prior fiscal years, you will obtain the "lead" schedules for Schedules 1, 3, and 4 from BUNDL. You will notice there were no changes made to these forms. In an effort to aid agencies, all applicable information in the ISIS files has been accumulated and the schedules produced. The lead schedules, which may be obtained from Bundl, are to be returned with your completed AFR packet. DO NOT RETYPE THE LEAD SCHEDULES. Add the changes in the adjustment column on all schedules and adjust accordingly. Statements A and B and Schedules 2 and 5 will no longer be produced and are not required for all agencies except Non-ISIS and elected officials. Information that was on these statements and schedules, will be included in the notes, such as payroll accrual by programs, petty cash, deferred revenue, and GASB 34 accruals. The information needed for Notes J (annual and sick leave) and R (payroll accrual) will be provided to you from OSRAP. Other information, needed by this office, will be obtained from ISIS reports. Again, you will be required to provide GASB 34 accruals, but beginning this year this information will be provided on Schedule 14. Starting this year, we have included a Schedule 15, Comparison Figures. This schedule will assist OSRAP in determining the reasons for changes in financial position for the state.

Schedules 1, 3, and 4 will be on Bundl after the 8/14/03 close. The ISIS report numbers are 4G31, 4G32, and 4G33, respectively. **Any changes that are needed on these schedules should be made on the original.**

Memorandum OSRAP 03-36 June 12, 2003 Page 2

As in the past, agencies should consider materiality before making adjustments to ISIS-generated schedules. Remember your agency reports are intended "to present fairly, in all <u>material</u> respects, the financial operations" of your agency. In this regard, the following table will be the basis of determining materiality and will assist you in your decision of adjusting the system reports or submitting them unchanged. If your aggregate adjustments are \$100,000 or more, <u>we ask that you adjust the lead schedules regardless of the conclusions drawn from the materiality table</u>. Additionally, in deciding if adjustments should be made, you should use the aggregate amount of all adjustments. For example, if you have \$300,000 in expenditures with five adjustments totaling \$15,000 or more, you should take the adjustment. Each adjustment <u>does not stand on its own</u>. Materiality under the sliding scale method may be determined by multiplying the appropriate factor below by total revenues or expenditures. Using the table, apply the corresponding factor, interpolating as necessary between two factors.

Revenues/	Expenditures	<u>Factor</u>
\$	300,000	.050
	1,000,000	.017
	5,000,000	.015
	10,000,000	.012
	50,000,000	.008
	100,000,000	.007
1	,000,000,000	.005

Materiality factors are designed as an aid in completing the AFR. To ensure that the materiality tables shown above are not impacting the state's CAFR adversely, keep a record of all the differences you discover and do not reflect on your financial reports. This list must be forwarded with the AFR packet to both the Legislative Auditors and to this office.

The forms and instructions are designed to meet the general needs of most reporting units; however, this should not preclude adaptations (after approval from this office) for units having unique reporting situations.

You are not required to submit copies of system reports with your AFR (except Schedules 1, 3, and 4). The reports that you need not submit include the appropriation reports, agency trial balances, and copies of any ad hoc reports.

Any changes from last year in the instructions, AFR, and notes appear in bold lettering. The completed packet should include the following:

A. Schedules

1. <u>Schedule 1</u> (General Operating Appropriation Funds, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Comparison, Current Year Appropriation

- Budget Legal Basis)
- 2. <u>Schedule 3</u> (Schedule of Appropriated Revenue by Type General Operating Appropriation Funds)
- 3. Schedule 3-1 (Schedule of Adjustments Due to Cash Basis Programs)
- 4. <u>Schedule 4</u> (Schedule of Non-Appropriated Major State Revenue and Income Not Available)
- 5. <u>Schedule 6</u> (Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Appropriated Other Funds)
- 6. <u>Schedule 6-1</u> (Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Escrow Fund)
- 7. Schedule 8 (Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance)
- 8. Schedule 13 (Schedule of Interagency Receipts)
- 9. Schedule 14 (GASB 34 Revenue Accruals)
- 10. Schedule 15 (Comparison Figures)
- 11. Notes DO NOT change the note numbering. If a note does not pertain to your entity, put N/A for that note number, and maintain the note numbering in the packet.

The deadline for the AFR packet has been moved forward to August 29, 2003. We realize this will place an additional burden on the agencies but the change was made to accelerate the publishing of the Louisiana CAFR. Your cooperation in this matter will be appreciated.

This format is available as a Word document. At your request, we will email the format to you or, if you prefer, send it to you on diskette. If you want to use a diskette, please send a blank, formatted diskette to OSRAP and we will copy this document and send the diskette by return mail.

A copy of the Annual Report must be forwarded under separate cover, with an original, signed affidavit, to the Office of the Legislative Auditor, (Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397) as they will not send out separate affidavit forms. Please be certain that copies of all schedules are included. Also, original affidavits must be sent to the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy. This must be original documents which have been signed and notarized. Do not staple the reports, use a binder clip.

If you should have any questions concerning the above, you may contact the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy analyst assigned to your agency per the following list.

FHK:PS Enclosures

AGENCY ASSIGNMENTS

DEPARTMENT	<u>ANALYST</u>	PHONE #
Office of the Governor (except 107) 01-100 through 01-133	Deborah Zunde	el 342-8090
Executive Office 01-107	Pam Stephens	342-0712
Judiciary (All)	Mark Rhodes	342-0711
Economic Development 05-249 through 05-259	Deborah Zunde	el 342-8090
Culture, Recreation, and Tourism 06-261 through 06-267	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
Department of Transportation 07-273 through 07-276	Katherine Porc	he 219-4442
Corrections 08-400 through 08-416,450,451	Renee Withers	219-4445
Public Safety 08-418 through 08-425,966,928	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
Natural Resources 11-430 through 11-435	Pam Stephens	342-0712
Revenue and Taxation 12-440 through 12-441	Pam Stephens	342-0712
Environmental Quality 13-850 through 13-855	Pam Stephens	342-0712
Labor 14-473 through 14-475	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
Wildlife 16-512 through 16-514	Katherine Porc	he 219-4442
Civil Service 17-560 through 17-564	Pam Stephens	342-0712
Retirement (All)	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
DHH and DSS 09-305/306/307/326/330/340/351 09-311/319	Tonia Jackson Renee Withers	342-1089 219-4445

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>	PHONE #
DHH - Mental Health Facilities 09-331 through 09-338	Nelson Green	342-1090
DHH - Schools 09-341 through 09-349	Mark Rhodes	342-0711
DSS 10-355 through 10-374	Clyde Buzzaro	d 342-0710
Education (Excluding Colleges and Vo-Tech 19-651 through 19-699	s) Katherine Por	rche 219-4442
Special Acts	Nelson Green	342-1090
Other Requirements 20-906 through 20-980	Inga Kimbrou	gh 342-5509
Group Benefits Risk Management	Sue Seab Sue Seab	342-1088 342-1088

TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE INSTRUCTIONS

Instructions	<u>Page</u>
Sequential Steps in Preparation of Annual Fiscal Report for all Agencies	1
Completing Schedule 3	2
Completing Schedule 3-1	3
Completing Schedule 4	4
Completing Schedule 1	5
Completing Schedules 6, and 6-1	7
Completing Schedule 13	8
Completing Schedule 14	9
Notes	10
Completing Schedule 8	not numbered

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Sequential Steps in the Preparation of the Annual Fiscal Report

1. Prepare Schedule 3 (Schedule of Appropriated Revenue by Type - General Operating Appropriation Funds) Note: ISIS agencies will have to adjust system-generated reports if <u>material</u> differences are found.

- 2. Prepare Schedule 4 (Schedule of Non-Appropriated Major State Revenue and Income Not Available) Note: ISIS agencies will have to adjust system-generated reports if <u>material</u> differences are found.
- 3. Prepare Schedule 1 (General Operating Appropriation Funds, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budgetary Comparison, Current Year Appropriation Budget Legal Basis) Note: ISIS agencies will have to adjust system-generated reports if <u>material</u> differences are found.
- 4. Prepare Schedule 3-1 (Schedule of Adjustment Due to Cash Basis Programs) For agencies with cash basis programs only
- 5. Prepare Schedule 6 (Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non Appropriated Other Funds)
- 6. Prepare Schedule 6-1 (Schedule of Changes in Balance(s) Escrow Fund)
- 7. Prepare Schedule 13 (Schedule of Interagency Receipts)
- 8. Prepare Schedule 14 (GASB 34 Accruals)
- 9. Prepare Schedule 15 (Comparison Figures)
- 10. Prepare Schedule 8 (Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance)
- 11. Prepare Note presentations.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Schedule 3

Schedule 3 is a presentation of Revenue activity for the agency appropriation (general & auxiliary) activities. It is generally intended to reflect activities of ISIS and as such is normally a presentation of financial data on a legal budgetary basis. Non revenue items (i.e. T100, T110, T120, T130, T150, T170, T180, T190, T195, T200, T210, T220, T300, T310, T340, T350, T360, T370, T375) are not shown on this schedule. Agencies on central cash management will receive a "lead" Schedule 3. The information on the schedule, as mentioned in the cover letter, is derived from data in ISIS. DO NOT RETYPE THIS LEAD SCHEDULE. Should you have adjustments, make pencil corrections on the lead schedule in Column VII and return it to this office with your packet. Remember adjustments less than those established using the materiality factors shown in the cover letter should not be made. Those agencies not on central cash management may obtain Schedule 3 information from agency manual financial ledgers. The following is the method used in preparing the lead schedules:

- 1. Enter the three digit ISIS Means of Financing Appropriation Number associated with the detail appropriated fund source in Column I.
- 2. In Column II enter the four digit ISIS revenue source code for revenue collections in that appropriated fund source.
- 3. In Column III enter by ISIS revenue source code the total cash receipts received and classified through June 30, 2003, from the June 30, 2003, Organization Responsibility Reports (2G00) or Appropriation Report (2G15). <u>Do not include non-revenue items listed above.</u>
- 4. Under Column IV enter by ISIS revenue source code the total cash receipts on deposit with the State Treasury and not classified as of June 30, 2003, (assumes classification subsequent to June 30, 2003). Refer to ISIS report 5G25 Prior Year Classification of Deposits on File as of 6/30/03 Report to obtain listing of unclassified receipts and to your July/August monthly transaction listings to determine subsequent classification type.
- 5. Column V is the total of Columns III and IV.
- 6. In Column VI enter by ISIS revenue source code the accounts receivable which were collected and classified between 7/1/03 and 8/14/03 for the reported fiscal year within those appropriated sources which were not included in either Column III or IV.
- 7. Agencies on central cash management would record material modified accrual adjustments to ISIS information in Column VII.
- 8. Column VIII "Total Revenue" is the total of Columns V, VI and VII. If classifications have been accomplished in accordance with established time frames, this amount should agree with the August 14, 2003 Organization Responsibility Report (2G00) or Appropriation Report (2G15) for fiscal year 2002-2003 except for adjustments in Column VII.

<u>NOTE</u>: <u>The Total Revenue figure may include revenue in excess of budget</u>. Direct General Fund Appropriation and Interim Emergency Board activity are <u>not</u> included on this schedule.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies PROCEDURES: Schedule 3-1

<u>Section A</u> is a method of adjusting 2003 ISIS Means of Financing for departments (i.e. DHH) who have cash basis programs (such as Titles 18 and/or 19). This schedule is intended to allow a means of reflecting revenue accrual data (both 2001-2002 and 2002-2003) against budgetary basis revenue data for those units having cash basis programs. <u>Units without these programs are not required to complete</u> Schedule 3-1.

- 1. Column I-Enter the three digit ISIS Means of Financing Appropriation Number associated with each fund.
- 2. Column II-Enter the total revenue from Column VIII of Schedule 3 by means of financing.
- 3. Column III-Enter the <u>accrual</u> amounts established in 2001-2002 by means of financing, from the Schedule 3-1, column IV in your fiscal year 2002 AFR.
- 4. Column IV-Enter the 2003 cash basis program <u>accruals</u> by means of financing, i.e., revenues earned prior to June 30, 2003, but which will be deposited to the 2003-04 fiscal year during the period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004.
- 5. Column V-Equals Column II minus III plus IV.

<u>Section B</u> Schedule 3-1 is a means of adjusting 2002-03 ISIS expenditures for departments which have cash basis programs.

Should you feel your agency is required to complete this part of 3-1, call your designated analyst at the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy for further instructions.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Schedule 4

Schedule 4 is a presentation of non-appropriated (INA, major state and other non-appropriated) revenue activity occurring within the agency unit that is not available to finance operations, and as such is normally a presentation of financial data on a legal budgetary basis which is normally equivalent to a modified accrual basis. Like Schedule 3, agencies on central cash management will receive a "lead" Schedule 4. DO NOT RETYPE THIS LEAD SCHEDULE. If you have adjustments, make pencil corrections on the lead schedule in Column VIII and return it to this office with your packet. Those agencies not on central cash management may obtain Schedule 4 information from agency manual financial ledgers. The following is the method used in preparing the "lead" schedule:

- 1. In Column I enter the three-digit ISIS Appropriation Number and title associated with the Non-Appropriated Fund Source. (Income not available will <u>not</u> have a separate agency appropriation number. (All Agencies will use XB2.)
- 2. In Column II enter the four-digit ISIS revenue organization number for the revenue source being reported.
- 3. In Column III enter the four digit ISIS revenue source code.
- 4. In Column IV enter by ISIS revenue source code for the total cash receipts classified through June 30, 2003, received in that collection center from the related ISIS Organization Responsibility Report (2G00). Do not include non revenue accounts (i.e. T100, T110, T120, T130, T150, T170, T180, T190, T195, T200, T210, T220, T300, T310, T340, T350, T360, T370, and T375, if applicable).
- 5. In Column V enter by ISIS revenue source code for the total cash receipts on deposit with the State Treasurer but not classified as of June 30, 2003, which were classified subsequent to June 30, 2003, and prior to August 14, 2003. Refer to 5G25 Prior Year Classification of Deposits on File as of 6/30/03 to obtain listing of unclassified receipts and to your monthly transaction listing to determine subsequent classification.
- 6. Column VI is the total of Column IV and V.
- 7. In Column VII enter by ISIS revenue source code the accounts receivable which were collected and classified between 7/1/03 and 8/14/03 for the reported fiscal year which were not included in either Column IV or V.
- 8. Agencies on central cash management would record material modified accrual (see definition on preceding pages) adjustments to ISIS information in Column VIII.
- 9. Column IX "Total Revenue" is the total of Columns VI, VII, and VIII. If classifications have been accomplished in accordance with established time frames, this amount should agree with the August 14, 2003 Organization Responsibility Report (2G00) for fiscal year 2002-03 except for any adjustments in Column VIII.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Schedule 1

Schedule 1 is intended to represent total general operation activities (both means of financing and expenditure activities authorized in the general and auxiliary appropriations acts) on a legal budgetary basis.

Schedule 1 is a "lead" schedule produced through ISIS. It will be made available to those agencies with expenditures and/or revenues on SIS. DO NOT RETYPE THIS LEAD SCHEDULE. No adjustments should be made unless the adjustments are greater than those established using the factors shown on the cover letter. Adjustments to this schedule may include additions to the accrual columns. Should you have received goods and/or services on or before June 30, 2003, and liquidated these invoices from your fiscal year 2004 appropriations, this amount will not be reflected on your "lead" schedule. Material amounts of such payments may be reflected as an adjustment in Column IV. Material additions to accounts receivable would also be reflected as an agency adjustment in Section A of Column IV. Remember, it you chose to retype your schedule, please return your pencil changes to this office with your packet.

The following is the method used in preparing the "lead" schedule:

1. In Column I indicate

A. Revenues - Total actual year-to-date receipts by Means of Financing (exception GF and IEB indicate total warrants drawn) from June 30, 2003, Appropriation Report. This should equal Column V of Schedule 3 plus any non revenue activity such as T100, T110, T120, T130, T150, T170, T180, T190, T195, T210, T220, T300, T310, T340, T350, T360, T370, and T375, if applicable. NOTE: T200 should not be included on Schedule 1. NOTE: Increases will be due to unclassified cash and will equal the total of the revenue accounts shown on Run 5G25.

NOTE: Agencies not on central cash management, who by law or statute carried forward funds into fiscal year 2002-03, should include these amounts in column I.

B. Expenditures - Total actual year-to-date cash disbursements by programs at June 30, 2003, Appropriation Report by Agency (2G15). NON-ISIS agencies may obtain information from agency financial records.

NOTE: For ISIS agencies, Column I expenditures are adjusted by system accounts payable, debit memos, and returns of appropriation.

2. In Column II indicate

A. Revenues - no information need be reported on these lines unless receipts classified to 2002-03 were recognized in error as revenue in the 2001-02 statement. (Note: This does <u>not</u> include Title 18 and 19 or ineligible patient fees for DHH.)

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies
PROCEDURES: Schedule 1 (Continued)

B. Expenditures - indicate those payments for goods and services received or rendered on or before June 30, 2002, and liquidated with fiscal year 2002-03 appropriation. ISIS Report 4G03 lists those documents you submitted with a June 30, 2002, or earlier delivery date and liquidated as a fiscal year 2002-03 payment. No adjustments should be made for inaccuracies unless the error is greater than those established using the sliding scale materiality factors shown on the cover letter.

3. In Column III indicate

- Revenues Total receivables on a legal budgetary basis by Means of Financing.
 - (1) General Fund and IEB receivables should equal the actual prior year warrants drawn and/or reversed between July 1 and August 14, 2003.
 - (2) Means of Financing receivables (lines 4 through 10) should equal Column VI on Schedule 3 plus any actual or accrued transfer activity (i.e. T110, T100, T130, T120, T180) received or disbursed between 07/01/03 and 08/14/03. (Exception: for DHH agencies <u>DO NOT</u> include Title 18/19 accruals on Schedule 1.)
- B. Expenditures Total accrued liabilities by program may be derived by calculating all expenditures (account type 22) that were recorded during the thirteenth period. This would include system vouchers payable, debit memos, or returns of appropriations. A report will be provided to assist you in verifying the accuracy of these numbers. Column III should represent total unliquidated bona fide obligations for goods and services received or rendered on or before 6/30/03. NOTE: ISIS Agencies: Should your June 30, 2003, Agency Trial Balance (2G01) reflect a balance for 6335, Vouchers Payable, you may obtain the breakdown by program from run 1G07B Unscheduled Payment Turnaround Report, and 1G26B EFT Unscheduled Turnaround Report at 6/30/03. Should you have credit memos, increase the appropriate program in Column I and decrease the respective amounts in Column III for the amount of the credit memo. Should you have payables, decrease the appropriate program in Column I and increase the respective amounts in Column III. The ISIS report will show accounts payable without a sign. Debit memos will have a negative (-) sign beside the number.
- 4. Agencies on ISIS would record accrual adjustments to system information in Column IV. Remember, you should include all payables which were not liquidated in the 45 day close period with the prior year appropriations, however, you should not include future scheduled lease payments which are shown in Note M. Maintain a detailed list of these payables to back up the amount shown on Schedule 1.
- 5. In Column V indicate the total of Column I, minus Column II, plus Column III, and plus or minus Column IV.
- 6. In Column VI indicate the revised appropriation amount which should agree to the Appropriation Report by Agency as of August 14, 2003, or the latest approved BA-7.
- 7. Column VII "Variance" is the net result of Column VI minus Column V. NOTE: If Column VI is greater than Column V, the variance would be unfavorable for appropriated revenue and favorable for appropriated expenditures. If Column VI is less than Column V, the opposite would be the case.

UNIT TYPE All State Agencies
PROCEDURES: Schedules 6, and 6-1

Schedule 6 is necessary only if the unit has non appropriated operational activities (i.e. Chapel funds, Inmate Welfare funds, etc). Due to the possible diversity of activity type, a free format is provided. <u>Be sure that the "Fund Balances at beginning of year" equals the "Fund Balance at end of year" on the prior year's report.</u>

Schedule 6-1 is necessary for the Escrow Fund, which will be shown on the full accrual basis. This fund will show receivables and payables that occurred during the 45-day close plus those amounts attributed to prior year activity and not classified to the system. For this schedule, as it is full accrual, the 45 day rule does not apply. The "Balance at the beginning of year" should be the amount of the carryover to the 2002-2003 year. (It also should be the ending fund balance in the prior year. If it is not the same amount, please make a notation.) A credit to revenue is an addition/receivable and a debit to a revenue is a deduction/payable. If your agency uses an expenditure organization, then expenditures are shown as a deduction/payable. The amounts for the fiscal year 2003 must equal the 2G00, Organization Responsibility Report. The amounts used during the 45-day close must equal the 2G00 plus off system accruals.

Note: As all SAP agencies have the payroll clearing subfund, K98, it will no longer be necessary, or possible, for agencies to complete a 6-1 for payroll clearing accounts.

All State Agencies UNIT TYPE:

Schedule 13 PROCEDURES:

Schedule 13 is a recapitulation of the total Interagency Receipts reported on Schedule 3, as of August 14, 2003.

- In Column I, list the ISIS Agency Number, if applicable, of where the revenue came from (Not 1. your agency number. If you do not know the agency number leave blank.)
- 2. In Column II, list the name of the agency, college, internal service fund, etc. that provided the revenue.
- 3. In Column III, enter the amount received from each source at June 30, 2003.
- 4. In Column IV, enter the amount of unclassified cash for each source at June 30, 2003.
- 5. In Column V, enter the amount of accounts receivable for each source received during the 45 day close.
- 6. In Column VI, enter the total revenue received from each source and this should equal the sum of columns III. IV. and V.

^{***}Schedule 13 totals must equal Schedule 3, Line C, Columns III, IV, VI, and VIII totals.***

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies PROCEDURES: Schedule 14

Schedule 14 is for GASB 34 revenue accruals by funding source, organization number, and object...

Revenues under the modified accrual basis are recognized when they become measurable and available and are consequently reflected on Statements 1, 3, 3-1, and 4, for example. Under GASB 34, we must also reflect those revenues which have become measurable regardless of availability. Show on Schedule 14 the gross revenues you have earned which are not reflected on any of the aforementioned schedules. Then, list the allowance for uncollectibles by funding sources.

In the last section list, by source, the amounts included but not expected to be collected in one year.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Notes

Note B - This amount must agree with the amounts shown by the State Treasurer. List where these monies are being held – ie. cash in bank, cash on hand, receivable, or payable.

Note C - Deposits and Investments - The purpose of this note is to disclose the related risk associated with deposits and investments held for the state by financial institutions.

1. Deposits with Financial Institutions – We now have separate notes for cash in the State Treasurer and cash <u>not</u> in the State Treasurer. <u>Cash and cash equivalents include only those amounts on deposit in financial institutions and do not include cash on hand or petty cash maintained at your agency.</u>

The total of cash, Certificates of Deposit, and Other should be your reconciled bank balances at June 30. The amounts reported in the bank balances section should be the ending balance on your June 30 bank statement.

2. Investments - For those investments meeting GASB 31 reporting requirements this must be fair value.

If you are reporting investments held outside the State Treasury, you must provide the additional disclosures as requested in Section 3 of this Note.

Note E – Indicate the inventory at June 30, 2003.

Note F - Total amount of seed(s) must equal the records of the State Treasurer. This should agree with revenue source T220 on the 2G01 report.

Note G- Deferred Revenues will be mainly from Department of Health and Hospitals, Department of Social Services, and Education. This represents the Federal revenue that was received during the fiscal year and not earned.

Note J - Leave balances, both annual and compensatory, will be sent to you from OSRAP.

Note M – Sections 1 and 2 of this note apply only to those arrangements in which the agency is the lessee. Revenue leases, those leases where the agency is the lessor, are to be reported on this note in Sections 3 and 4. Do not include intra agency leases.

Note Q - In-kind contributions are often the result of match for a grant. An example would be the loan of office space by a local government to satisfy a match requirement on a federal grant.

Note R - The totals for this note can be found on the HR Report ZF75, SI Payroll Posting Report (which will be provided by OSRAP to the agencies). Column I must agree with Note R from FY '02. This note impacts Schedule 1 and possibly Schedules 3 and 3-1. **The information will be sent to you from OSRAP.** Remember to list all payroll accruals by program. Regardless of payroll accrual amounts, all sections of this note must be completed.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Notes

Note U – The only information you have to provide is the ending balance of cooperative endeavors by funding source.

Note W- You must include any activities that occurred after June 30 that impact your agency and are not already reflected in the financial reports. This will include activities that may impact any following fiscal year's operations.

Note Y – Since the agencies no longer have a Statement A, include the amount of the agencies prepaid expenses.



STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Fiscal Reports Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 20__

(Agency Name)
Send to: Division of Administration Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy P. O. Box 94095 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095	Send to: Legislative Auditor P. O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397
	<u>AFFIDAVIT</u>
Personally came and appeared before the ur	ndersigned authority,
(Name)	(Title) of(Agency) who
	incial reports herewith given present fairly financial (agency) at June 30, 20
	hen ended in accordance with policies and practices
	or in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting
·	Accounting Standards Board. Sworn and subscribed
before me, this day of	_
Signature of Agency Official	NOTARY PUBLIC
Prepared by:	
Title:	
Telephone No.:	



STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Fiscal Reports Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 20__

(Ag	ency Name)
Send to: Division of Administration Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy P. O. Box 94095 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095	Send to: Legislative Auditor P. O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397
<u>A</u>	FFIDAVIT
	rsigned authority, (Name)
and the results of operations for the year then established by the Division of Administration or	cial reports herewith given present fairly financial (agency) at June 30, 20 (agency) at June 30, 20 ended in accordance with policies and practices in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting counting Standards Board. Sworn and subscribed,
Signature of Agency Official	NOTARY PUBLIC
Prepared by:	
Title: Telephone No.:	
Date:	

Schedule No. ISIS Agency No. SON

GENERAL APPROPRIATION

PROGRAMMATIC BUDGETING

		Cash Basis	Adjustment	Accrual	Agency	Total	Revised Budget	Favorable
		_	=	=	Accrual Adj.	>	>	(Uniavorable)
A L	REVENUES Appropriated by Legislature:							
2	State General Fund	\$	69	8	8	S	\$	69
3	Interim Emergency Board							
4	Federal Funds							
2	State General Fund by fees and self generated revenues							
9	State General Fund by interagency receipts							
7	Auxiliary funds							
80	Other appropriated fund sources:							
6	fund							
10	fund							
7	Total appropriated revenue					C		
В	B EXPENDITURES (List Programs) Appropriated expenditures:							
12	12 Program 1							
13	Program 2							
14	Program 3							
15	Program 4							
16	Program 5							
17	Program 6							
18	Total appropriated expenditures							

Schedule 1

69

19 Excess (deficiency) of appropriated revenues over appropriated expenditures

		SCHED	(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATED REVENUE BY TYPE GENERAL OPERATING APPROPRIATION FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20	lame) JUISIANA TED REVENUE BY PROPRIATION FUN UNE 30, 20	TYPE	Schedule NoISIS Agency No	y No.	
Appropriated Revenue Fund	ISIS Appr Number	Revenue Source Code	Classified Cash Receipts Through June 30, 20	Unclassified Cash Receipts at June 30, 20	Total Cash Deposit with Treasury (III + IV)	Accounts Receivable at June 30, 20	Agency Adjustment to Modified Accrual Only VII	Total Revenue VIII
Federal funds								
A-1			S	45	S	49	\$	\$
A-2								
A-3			1 8					
A Subtotal - Federal funds								
State General Fund by fees and self generated revenues	50							
B-1								
B-2								
B-3								
B-4								
B Subtotal - General Fund by fees and self generated	nerated							
State General Fund by interagency receipts								
C-1								1
C-2								
C Subtotal - General Fund by interagency receipts	sipts		9					
Auxiliary funds								
D-1								
D-2								
D-3								
D Subtotal - Auxiliary funds			į					
Other funds								
E-1								
E-2			8 8					
E-3					i i			
E-4								
E Subtotal - Other funds								
F Total appropriated revenue			49	49	S	S	s	S

		(Agency Na	me)	1	
	SCHEDI	STATE OF LOU JLE OF ADJUSTMENTS DUE JUNE 30, 20	STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF ADJUSTMENTS DUE TO CASH BASIS PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 20	Schedule	No. ISIS Agency No.
A. Appropriated Revenues/Fund Source and Type	ISIS Appropriation Number	Total Revenue (Column VIII from Schedule 3)	Cash Basis Program Accrual From 2001-2002 AFR	Cash Basis Program Accrual For 2002-2003 IV	Adjusted Revenue For 2002-2003 V
1. Federal Funds		S	S	so.	s/s
 State funds by fees and self-generated revenue 					
 State General Funds by interagency receipts 					
1. State funds by auxiliary					
5. State funds by other					1
5. Total		8	69	s	s
3. Appropriated expenditure	ISIS Appropriation Number	Total Expenditure Schedule I	Cash Basis Program Accrual From 2001-2002 AFR	Cash Basis Program Accrual for 2002-2003	Adjusted Expenditure For 2002-2003
. Program 1		9	\$	9	S
3. Program 2					
3. Program 3					
I0. Program 4					
11. Program 5					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5,					
6,					
7. Total Expenditures		9	\$	9	\$
		Schedule 3-1	7		

(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA

Schedule No. ISIS Agency No.

		SCHEDULE OF N	NON APPROPE FOR	SIATED (MAJOR ST THE YEAR ENDED	ATE REVENUE & I	SCHEDULE OF NON APPROPRIATED (MAJOR STATE REVENUE & INCOME NOT AVAILABLE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20	ABLE)		
	ISIS Appropriation Number and Title I	Revenue Organization Number II	Revenue Source Code III	Classified Cash Receipts through June 30, 20	Unclassified Cash Receipts at June 30, 20	Total Cash on Deposit with Treasury (IV + V)	Accounts Receivable at June 30, 20	Agency Adjustment to Modified Accrual Only VIII	Total Revenue IX
A-1	Income not available:			9	9	s	9	S	\$
A-2									
A-3									
A-4									
A	Subtotal Income not available								
B-1	Major State Revenue:								
B-2									
B-3									
B-4									
B-5									
B-6									
B-7									
B-8									
B-9									
B-10									
B-11									
æ	Subtotal Major State Revenue Other Non-Appropriated:								
5									
C-2									
C-3									
O	Subtotal Other Non-Appropriated								
Q	Total Non Appropriated Fund Sources			\$ Schedule 4	\$ e 4	S	49	69	\$

(Agency Name)
STATE OF LOUISIANA
NON APPROPRIATED OTHER FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20_____

Schedule No. — ISIS Agency No.

TOTAL

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year EXPENSES (Full Accrual) REVENUES (Full Accrual) Total Revenues Total Expenses Adjustments

_(agency)

ESCROW FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

Unit Name:	
Balance at beginning of year	\$
Revenues (additions July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003):	
Expenditures (deductions July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003):	
Balance as of June 30, 2003	
Accruals	
Receivables: Amount classified in 2003 (July 1, 2003 through August 14, 2003)	
*Amount classified in 2004 (July 1, 2003 through August 14, 2003) **Amount not classified as of August 14, 2003 (GASB 34 full accrual)	
Payables:	
Amount paid in 2003 (July 1, 2003 through August 14, 2003) *Amount paid in 2004 (July 1, 2003 through August 14, 2003)	-
**Amount not paid as of August 14, 2003 (GASB 34 full accrual)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$

^{*}Should be accruals due to prior year activity but reflected in the 2004 fiscal year.

^{**}Should be accruals due to prior year activity not yet reflected in the financial system.

STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID BOARD (COMMISSION) MEMBERS, BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20____

NAME	NUMBER	AMOUNT
		\$
	-	
		
	-	-
		-
		-
		-
TOTAL		\$

NOTE: Provide a separate copy of this schedule for each board (commission) by fund (appropriation).

SCHEDULE 10

Schedule No.	
ISIS No.	

STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CONSULTANT FEES FOR FEASIBILITY STUDIES AND OTHER SPECIAL REPORTS, BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20____

	\$
	.=
	-
TOTAL	\$

NOTE: Where more than one fund(appropriation) applies, separate by fund(appropriation).

Schedule No.	
SIS Agency No.	

SCHEDULE OF INTERAGENCY RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20____

1	П	Ш	IV	Accounts	VI
Agency Number	Source	Classified June 30, 20	Unclassified June 30, 20	Receivable on a Modified Accrual <u>Basis</u>	<u>Totals</u>
		\$	\$	\$	\$
2 2				-	
				-	
	Total	\$	\$	\$	\$

Schedule 13 is a recapitulation of the total Interagency Receipts reported as of August 14, 2003.

- 1. In column I, list the ISIS agency number, if applicable, of the source of revenue.
- 2. In column II, list the sources of the revenue (i.e. state agency, college, internal service fund, etc.)
- 3. In column III, enter the amount received from each source for June 30, 2003.
- 4. In column IV, enter the amount of unclassified cash for each source at June 30, 2003.
- In column V, enter the amount of accounts receivable for each source received during the 45 day close.
- 6. In column VI, enter the total revenue received from each source.

TOTALS FOR COLUMNS III, IV, V, AND VI MUST EQUAL SCHEDULE 3, LINE C, COLUMNS III, IV, VI, AND VIII, RESPECTIVELY.

Schedule Number	
ISIS Agency Number	

GASB 34 REVENUE ACCRUALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20____

Funding Source (list by name):	Organization #	Object	2002-03 Full Accrual	2001-02 Full Accrual reversal
Federal:			\$	\$
1 000101			7	
Self-Generated:				
Major State Revenue:				
Total GASB 34 accruals (gross)				
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles				
(for all funding sources)				
Federal:				
0.15.0				
Self-Generated:				
Major State Payanus				
Major State Revenue:				-
				-
				-
GASB 34 receivable adjustment net				
of uncollectibles			\$	\$
Amount Included above not expected				
to be collected in one year				
Federal:				
Self-Generated:				
Major State Revenue:				
Total amount included above not				•
expected to be collected in one year			\$	<u>\$</u>

(Agenc	
	1CY

COMPARISON FIGURES

To assist OSRAP in determining the reason for the change in financial position for the state and reason for the changes in the budget, please complete the schedule below. If the change is greater than 10%, explain the reason for the change.

7.2			2003*		2002		Difference		Percentage Change
1) F	Revenues	\$		_\$_		_\$	<u> </u>	_\$	
Е	Expenses					_			
Е	Explanation for chang	e:							
2)			2003 Original Budget		2003 Final Budget		Difference		Percentage Change
F	Revenues	\$		_ \$ _				_ \$ _	
Е	Expenditures	_				_			
E	Explanation of change	e:							
			2003 Final Budget		2003 Actual Budget		Difference		Percentage Change
F	Revenues	ž:				_			
Е	Expenditures					_			
Е	Explanation of change	e:							

*Revenues-must equal the following:

Total Revenue on Schedule 3 or Schedule 3-1

- + Full Current Year Accrual Revenues on Schedule 14
- Full Prior Year Accrual Revenues on Schedule 14
- + 2003 Payroll Revenue Accrual from Note R
- 2002 Payroll Revenue Accrual from Note R

Expenditures- must agree with total expenditures on Schedule 1 or Schedule 3-1, plus 2003 Payroll Accrual, less 2002 Payroll Accrual.

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

INIT	RODI	ICT	ON
11 / 1	NOD		OIN

The is a	an agency of the Sta	te of Louisiana reporting entity and was
created in accordance with Title _	; Chapter _	of the Louisiana Revised
Statutes of 1950 as a part of the		_ branch of government. The
is charged with _		
\(\text{(6)}\)		within the State of Louisiana.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The _____ prepared its financial reports in accordance with the procedures established by the Division of Administration. The financial activities of the _____ are accounted for on a fund basis whereby a set of separate, self-balancing accounts are maintained to account for appropriated or authorized activities. The information presented herein, is reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting as prescribed by GAAP for fund level reporting.

The general fixed assets and long-term obligations of the agency are not recognized in the accompanying financial reports presented at fund level. All capital assets of the primary government are, however, reported at the government-wide level of reporting, as required by GAAP.

Annually the State of Louisiana issues a comprehensive annual financial report which includes the activity contained in the accompanying financial reports. The comprehensive annual financial report is audited by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

FUND ACCOUNTING

General Operating Appropriations

The General Operations Fund is used to account for all general and auxiliary fund appropriated operating expenditures and minor capital acquisitions. All appropriated general and auxiliary operations revenue is accounted for in this fund.

Non-Appropriated Funds (describe each Non-Appropriated Fund)

Major State Revenues and Income Not Available - The agency collects major state revenues that are remitted to the State Treasury for deposit to statutorily dedicated funds. In addition, the agency collects funds specifically identified by the Division of Administration - Budget Office as Income Not Available that are remitted to the State Treasury. These amounts are not available to the agency for expenditure and are detailed on Schedule 4.

<u>Payroll Clearing Fund</u> - The Payroll Clearing Fund is used to account for payroll deductions and accrued benefits.

The non-appropriated funds relating to Major State Revenues, Income Not Available and Payroll Clearing are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

For purpose of this report presentation, collections in excess of Appropriated Means of Financing are shown on Schedule 3.

STATE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE

2.

B.

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20
	BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
	Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized and reported in the financial reports. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.
	The accounts of the are maintained in accordance with applicable statutory provisions and the regulations of the Division of Administration - Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy as follows:
	Revenues - State General Fund and Interim Emergency Board appropriations are recognized as the net amount warranted during the fiscal year including the 45 day close period.
	Fees and self-generated revenues, interagency transfers, federal funds, intrafund revenues, non-appropriated revenues, and other financing sources (with the exception of agency funds) are recognized in the amounts earned, to the extent that they are both measurable and available. (Describe other basis of revenue recognition which differs from this.)
	<u>Expenditures</u> - Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except that obligations of employees' vested annual and sick leave are recorded as expenditures when paid. (List any other exceptions.)
IMI	PREST FUNDS
\$_ Sta and pre	e agency maintains a permanent Travel and Petty Cash Imprest Fund in the amount of as authorized by the Commissioner of Administration and advanced by the ate Treasurer's Office in accordance with Title 39. The funds are permanently established a periodically replenished from agency operating funds when expenditure vouchers are esented. At June 30, 20, the petty cash consists of: Cash in Bank Accounts; Petty Cash on hand \$; and Other Receivables
EP	OSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

C. DE

DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS 1.

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions include savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the agency may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Further, the agency may invest in time certificates of deposit in state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

CASH IN STATE TREASURY

_(Agency)

\$\$ \$\$ As the State Treasurer provi the State Treasurer in the ta	\$ Cash in Agency Operating \$ Cash in Agency Escrow Accounts						
which approximates market. deposit insurance or the ple market value of the pledged times equal the amount on d held in a custodial bank in the the pledging fiscal agent bar Office or agency receives saf securities from the custodial as follows:	Under state law to edge of securities a securities plus to eposit with the fise name of thenk in a holding of the eposit with the fise name of thenk in a holding of the eposit security.	hese deposits must owned by the factorial deposed agent. These ager reustodial bank. In a cknowled the control of the control	est be secured by for iscal agent bank. it insurance must be pledged securition for under the accordance of the State Treast agement of the plediscale.	ederal The t at all es are ount of surer's dge of			
Balance per agency books	<u>Cash</u>	Certificates of Deposit \$	Other (Describe)	* Total			
Bank balances: 1. Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agency in the entity's name 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name 3. Uncollateralized, including any securities held for the entity but not in entity's name							
Total bank balances	\$	\$	\$	\$			

The _____agency had deposits in the State Treasury totaling

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

The following is a breakdown by banking institution, program, and amount of the bank balances shown above:

	balarious shown above.			
1	Banking institution	<u>Program</u>	\$	Amount
3				
Total				
	Were uncollateralized securities for significantly greater than at June amount(s) and a reason for this or	e 30,? If yes, atta	(3) abo	ve during the year atement listing the
2.	INVESTMENTS			
	The d authorized by by the agency).	oes (does not) maintair (note legal provis	n invest sions aut	ment accounts as horizing investment
	Investments can be classified acc following categories, list each type value, and applicable category of r	of investment disclosing		
	Category 1 - Insured or registered i its agent in the entity's name	in the entity's name, or se	curities	neld by the entity or
	Category 2 - Uninsured and unregisted department or agent in the entitys		d by the	counterparty's trust
	Category 3 - Unsecured and unregits trust department or agent but no		ld by the	counterparty, or by
NOT	TE: If, during the year, the amount of (end of fiscal year) attach a st			

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20_

			Category	of Risk		
Type of Investments		1	2	3	Repoi Amoi	
Repurchase agreem U.S. Government se Common & preferred Commercial paper Corporate bonds Other: (identify)	curities		\$\$	\$\$	\$\$	\$\$
Total categorized inv	estments S	<u> </u>	\$\$	\$	\$	\$
Certain types of inve	stments canno	t be catego	rized: (list sep	arately)		
					-	
Total Investments					\$	\$
3. OTHER I	DISCLOSURE	S REQUI	RED FOR IN	VESTMENTS-	HELD OUTSIDE	S.T.O.
a.	Investments	s in pools m	nanaged by of	her governmen	ts or mutual fund	s
b.	Securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements					
C.	Unrealized	investment	t losses			
d.	repurchase	agreemen	ts:		rities under yield	
	2. Descr	ption of the	terms of the	agreements		
e.	Investment	types owne	ed during the	year but not ow	ned as of June 3	0
f.					arties to deposit	
g.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses					
l enal or t	Contractual P	rovisions fo	or Reverse R	epurchase Agr	eements	
h.	Source of	legal or c	contractual a	uthorization fo	r use of revers	
						1)

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

	i.	Significant violations of legal or contractual provisions for reverse repurchase agreements that occurred during the year
Rev	/erse	Repurchase Agreements as of June 30
110	j.	Credit risk related to the reverse repurchase agreements outstanding at balance sheet date, that is, the aggregate amount of reverse repurchase agreement obligations including accrued interest compared to aggregate market value of the securities underlying those agreements including interest
	k.	Commitments on June 30,, to repurchase securities under yield maintenance agreements
	1.	Market value on June 30,, of the securities to be repurchased
	m.	Description of the terms of the agreements to repurchase
	n.	Losses recognized during the year due to default by counterparties to reverse repurchase agreements
	0.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses
Fair	r Valu p.	e <u>Disclosures</u> Methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of investments, if fair value is not based on quoted market prices
	q.	Basis for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost
	r.	For investments in external investment pools that are not SEC-registered, a brief description of any regulatory oversight for the pool
	S.	Whether the fair value of your investment in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares
	t.	Any involuntary participation in an external investment pool
	u.	Whether you are unable to obtain information from a pool sponsor to determine the fair value of your investment in the pool, methods used and significant assumptions made in determining that fair value and the reasons for having had to make such an estimate_
	٧.	Any income from investments associated with one fund that is assigned to another fund

NOT	TE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) ES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20				
D.	GENERAL FIXED ASSETS –CAPITAL LEASES List, individually, those items of movable property buildings with a value of \$100,000 or above that	with a value are under ca	pital leas	es (S	ee definition on
	page 12). We no longer need a complete list of G with the historical cost reflected in Note M(2) Sch Description of Item Date Acquire	edule A.			ent Value of
		\$ 			
E.	INVENTORY OF MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES In general, inventories are recorded as an experinventory, determined under (perpetual or periodictc.) valuation method, at June 30, 2003, is \$ postage as inventory, include in prepayments	diture when c) inventory s	system u	sing th	ne (FIFO, LIFO,
F.	SEEDS The agency is in receipt of a seed in the amount the joint approval of the State Treasurer and the against the State Treasurer. The seed represent not reauthorized annually.	Commissione s a liability to	er of Adm	inistra	ation and drawn
	The breakdown of advances by unit are as follow				
	Fund 1 2 3 4			1.00	Amount
	Total			\$_	
G.	DEFERRED REVENUE				

Deferred Revenue represents revenue (generally federal) that was received during fiscal year 2003 and not yet earned. Certain federal grants may fit this description. The deferred revenue amount(s) is/are \$______ (federal), \$______ (self-generated), and/or \$______ (IAT).

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

H. OPERATING AND CAPITAL GI	RANTS FOR GASB 34 PRESENTATION
-----------------------------	--------------------------------

For OSRAP to complete the GASB 34 present	ation, provide the following: the total operating
grants and contributions were \$, and the total <u>capital</u> grants
and contributions were \$	
	f 1 1 1 1 1 1

1) Operating Grants – represent total amount of grant revenues for the year that are restricted by the grantor for operating purposes or that may be used for either capital or operating purposes at the discretion of the grantee.

 Capital Grants – represent the total amount of the revenues for the year from grants restricted by the grantor for the acquisition, construction, of renovation to capital assets.

The sum of both should equal your total federal revenues plus federal accruals.

I. JUDGEMENTS, CLAIMS AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

Obligations and losses rising from judgments, claims, and similar contingencies are paid through the state's self-insurance fund and are not reflected in the accompanying special purpose financial reports. The self-insurance fund is operated by the Office of Risk Management, the state agency responsible for the state's risk management program.

Liability for claims and judgements should include specific incremental claim expenditures/expenses if known, or if it can be estimated (e.g., legal fees for outside legal assistance).

NOTE: Should you have claims which have not been submitted to Risk Management, include a schedule of these claims.

Those agencies collecting federal funds, who have been informed that certain of their previously claimed costs were disallowed, should disclose the requested information in the schedule shown below. Show each possible disallowance separately.

Program	Date of Disallowance	Amount	Probability of Payment*	Estimated Settlement <u>Amount</u>
1		\$	·	\$
2				
3				
4			·	
5				
6				

^{*} Remote, reasonably possible, probable, or unknown

Claims and litigation cost of \$_____ were incurred in the current year.

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20_

J. LEAVE

ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, unused annual leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave is used to compute retirement benefits. Act 343 of 1993 allows members of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, upon application for retirement, the option of receiving an actuarially determined lump sum payment for annual and sick leave which would otherwise have been used to compute years of service for retirement. The liability for unused annual leave payable at June 30, ____, computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Section C60.105, is estimated to be \$_____.

NOTE: Should you have employees who upon retirement - or their heirs upon the employee's death - are compensated for up to 25 days of unused sick leave, you should include the dollar value of this leave in the annual leave shown above. Civil Service General Circular Number 001155 states that classified employees belonging to the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana and to the Louisiana School Employee's Retirement System are not eligible for payment of unused sick leave upon retirement or death. L.R.S. 17:425 on the other hand provides for payment for up to 25 days of unused sick leave for members of these two systems. In Opinion Number 94-373, the Attorney General opined that the Civil Service Commission had jurisdiction over classified employees and therefore those members are not eligible for payment of unused sick leave. Because the Commission has no authority over unclassified employees, those members are eligible to receive such compensation.

Compensatory Leave (Use for Non-Exempt Employees)

Employees who are considered having non-exempt status according to the guidelines contained in the Fair Labor Standards Act may be paid for compensatory leave earned (K-time). Upon termination or transfer an employee will be paid for any time and one-half compensatory leave earned and may or may not be paid for any straight hour-for-hour compensatory leave earned. Compensation paid will be based on the employee's hourly rate of pay at termination or transfer. The liability for accrued payable compensatory leave at June 30, ___ computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section C60.105 is estimated to be \$_____.

K. POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS PER GASB 12

LRS 42:821 through 42:880 establishes the self-insured and self-funded state employees group health care and life insurance program and authorizes the ______ agency to provide certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

employees. Substantially all of the agency's employees become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the agency. Monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employees and the employer (from the agency appropriation) for both retirees' and active employees' benefits regardless of whether benefits are provided by Group Benefits or one of the HMOs authorized by Group Benefits. The agency recognizes the cost of providing benefits as an expenditure when paid during the year. For the year ended June 30, ____, the costs of retirees' benefits totaled \$______, while the number of retirees is _____. (As defined by the GASB Statement 12, dependents of a retiree should be counted as a single unit if the retiree is deceased and should not be counted if the retiree is alive.) The cost of retirees' benefits is net of participant's contribution.

L. ENCUMBRANCES

The following are multi-year contracts whose payments are to be liquidated with statutorily dedicated funds **only**: (Show each year separately). General Fund is not shown. An example would be certain payments made by the Department of Natural Resources. Obligations are made against the Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Fund for contracts which are let for two to five years in the future. Be sure that you do not double count cooperative endeavors that are reported in note U.

Examples:

Wetlands Fund Lottery Proceeds Fund

M. LEASE AND RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Lease agreements, if any, have non-appropriation exculpatory clauses that allow lease cancellation if the Legislature does not make an appropriation for its continuation during any future fiscal period. Total operating lease expenditures for fiscal year ____ - ___ amounted to \$

 OPERATING LEASES – Do not include leases on state office buildings financed through Louisiana Office Facilities

Operating leases are all leases which do not meet the criteria of a capital lease. Operating leases are grouped by nature (i.e. office space, equipment, etc.) and the annual rental payments for the next five fiscal years are presented in the following schedule.

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20_

Nature of lease	FY2004	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY 2009- 2013
a. Office space	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
b. Equipment						
c. Land						
d. Other				-	-	
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

Rental expense for operating leases with scheduled rent increases is based on the relevant lease agreement except in those cases where a temporary rent reduction is used as an inducement to enter the lease. In those instances, rental expense is determined on either a straight-line or interest basis over the term of the lease, as required by GASB 13, and not in accordance with lease terms. The agency does (does not) have leases with scheduled rent increases due to temporary rent reductions used as an inducement to enter the lease.

2. CAPITAL LEASES AND LEASE PURCHASES-Do not include leases on state office buildings financed through Louisiana Office Facilities

Capital leases are defined as an arrangement in which <u>any one</u> of the following conditions apply (I) ownership transfers by the end of the lease, (2) the lease contains a bargain purchase option, (3) the lease term is 75% of the asset life or (4) the discounted minimum lease payments are 90% of the fair market value of the asset.

Schedule A should be used to report all capital leases (<u>including</u> new leases, in effect as of 6/30/03. In schedule B, report only those <u>new</u> leases entered into during fiscal year 2002-2003. <u>Note: LEAF leases should not be shown in Schedule.</u>

SCHEDULE A - CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF LEASES

Nature of lease	Gross Amount of Leased Asset (<u>Historical Cost</u>)	Remaining interest to end of lease	Remaining principal to end of lease	Fund that pays lease
a. Office space	\$	\$	\$	
b. Equipment c. Land	-		 	
Total	\$	\$	\$; :

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

2004 \$					
2004 \$					
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest Present value of net minimum lease payments SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining Remaining Leased Asset interest to principal to Fund that pays end of lease a. Office space \$ \$ \$ \$ end of lease end of lease lease b. Equipment c. Land Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					
2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs (\$	-	
2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs (
2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest Present value of net minimum lease payments SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining Remaining Leased Asset interest to principal to Fund that pays a. Office space Service of lease Interest to principal to end of lease lease b. Equipment c. Land Total Service Servi					
2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest Present value of net minimum lease payments SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Afmount of Remaining Remaining Remaining Remaining Nature of lease (Historical Cost) end of lease end of lease lease 3. Office space \$ \$ \$ principal to Fund that pays end of lease lease b. Equipment c. Land Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				-	
2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs (_	
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Less amounts representing interest Less amount of Remaining Remaining Leased Asset interest to principal to Fund that pays end of lease a. Office space (Historical Cost) end of lease end of lease lease b. Equipment c. Land Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				-	
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining Remai				-	
Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest Less amounts representing interest (ST THE CAN DESCRIBE AND		-	
Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest Present value of net minimum lease payments \$ SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining Remaining Leased Asset interest to principal to Fund that pays Leased Asset interest to principal to Fund that pays Auture of lease (Historical Cost) end of lease end of lease lease a. Office space \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ b. Equipment c. Land Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 20: Total 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs (₹	
Less amounts representing interest Present value of net minimum lease payments \$ SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining Remaining Interest to principal to Fund that pays interest to end of lease end of lease end of lease end of lease lease lease			6 ()_	
SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining principal to Fund that pays interest to principal to end of lease end of lease end of lease end of lease lease a. Office space \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			/	<u></u>	
SCHEDULE B – NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Gross Amount of Remaining Remaining Leased Asset interest to principal to Fund that pays end of lease a. Office space \$				2	
Gross Amount of Leased Asset interest to principal to end of lease Ease Nature of lease (Historical Cost) a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land Total Total 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total 2019-2023 Total Total Semaining principal to end of lease	Present value of ne	t minimum lease payme	ents \$	-	
Gross Amount of Leased Asset interest to principal to end of lease a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land Total \$ \$ \$	SCH	EDULE B – NEW AGE	NCY CAPITAL LEAS	SES EXCEPT L	EAF
Nature of lease a. Office space \$					
Nature of lease a. Office space \$					Fund that pays
b. Equipment c. Land Total S S S Following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the preservalue of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 20: Total 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments	Nature of lease	(Historical Cost)	end of lease e	nd of lease	lease
C. Land Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	 a. Office space 	\$ \$	\$		
Following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the preservalue of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 20: Total 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments	b. Equipment				
Following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the preservalue of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 20: Total 2004 \$ 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments	c. Land				
Total	Total	\$\$	\$		
Total					
Total \$	Following is a schedule by ye	ars of future minimum le	ease payments under	capital leases	together with the preser
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments	value of the net minimum lea	se payments as of June	30, 20:		
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments			Total		
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments	2004		0.24		
2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments			Ψ	-	
2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments					
2008 2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments				-	
2009-2013 2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments				-	
2014-2018 2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments					
2019-2023 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments					
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments				-	
Less amounts representing executory costs () Net minimum lease payments		e navments		-	
Net minimum lease payments			. (<u></u>	
			1	L	
			()	
Present value of net minimum lease payments \$			ents \$	L	

STATE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

3. REVENUE LEASES

LESSOR DIRECT FINANCING LEASES

A lease is classified as a direct financing lease when (1) any one of the four capitalization criteria used to define a capital lease for the lessee is met and (2) both the following criteria are satisfied:

- Collectibility of the minimum lease payments is reasonably predictable.
- No important uncertainties surround the amount of the unreimbursable costs yet to be incurred by the lessor under the lease.

Provide a general description of the direct financing agreement, and complete the chart below.

Composition of	· lease	M	inimum lease payment receivable	ļ	Remaining interest to end of lease		Remaining principal to end of lease
a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land		\$_ 		\$_ _		\$	
Minimum lease pay Less allowance for Net minimum lease Less Estimated Re- Less unearned inco	doubtful accounts payments receivable sidual Value of Leased Property	()				
stipula use of	um lease payments do not inc ted in the lease contracts. Co the equipment, land, or buildin gent rentals received for fiscal for equipment, and S	onting g etc	gent rental payr c., exceeds a ce 2003 were \$	ner rtai	nts occur if for e n level of activity for office	xa / e	mple the ach year.
sched	gency received lease revenues for fiscal year 20 20_ule by years of minimum lease 30, 2003:	ues _ tota e rece	for aled \$ eivable for the fiv Minimum Leas	/e s	ucceeding fiscal	llo	. Total wing is a ears as of
	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009-2013 2014-2018	\$					

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20_

	2	019-2023					
	Т	otal		\$			
4. <u>L</u>	ESSO	R - Operatin	g Lease				
f a s	a capita for a les an oper simply r	I lease (com sor (collectib ating lease. ecords rent	mon to both le bility and no un In an operat revenues as th	essee and les certain reimb ing lease, the hey become i	sor accountin ursable costs ere is no simu measurable a	our criteria for r g), and both of), the lease is c lated sale and nd available.	the criteria lassified as the lessor
(organize	ed by major		perty and the	amount of a	accumulated de	
		a. Office sp	oace		\$		
		b. Equipme	ent				
		c. Land					
		Less: accu	mulated depre	eciation	()	
		Total carryi	ng amount of	property	\$		
			schedule by y s of			entals on nond	
lature of le	ase	FY2004	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	2009 2013
Office spa	ace	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Equipmen	nt						_
Land					_	_	
011-					-		_
Other				\$	Date		\$

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20_

for land.

N. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

List all related party transactions as defined by FASB 57 including the description of all relationships, the transactions, the dollar amount of the transactions and any amounts to or from which result from related party transactions.

O. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS AND SALARIES

On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity. One of the two entities party to on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries may be a non-governmental entity. On-behalf payments include pension plan contributions, employee health and life insurance premiums, and salary supplements or stipends.

1. Reporting:

Employer Entity:

The amount of revenues recognized (received) during the year plus any receivables at year end by third-party recipients for fiscal year is \$
The amount of expenditures/expenses when the employer entity <u>is not</u> legally obligated to make payments is recognized as the amount of revenues recognized. The amount of expenditures/expenses recognized for fiscal year is \$
The amount of expenditures/expenses when the employer entity <u>is</u> legally obligated to make payments is recognized based on the accounting standards applicable to that type of transaction. For example, if contributions are made to a pension plan, the expenditure/expense should be recognized following pension accounting standards. The amount of expenditures/expenses recognized for fiscal year is \$

b. Paying Entity:

A paying entity would not recognize any revenues for on-behalf payments for fringe benefits.

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

	entity is the san	expenditures/expenses recognized and classified by the paying amount it would use to classify similar cash grants to other ount of expenditures/expenses recognized for fiscal year
2.	Disclosure:	
	The following on-beha agency is not legally r	If payments that are contributions to a pension plan for which the esponsible are:
	Contributor	Pension Plan

P. PASS-THROUGH GRANTS

Pass-through grants are grants and other forms of financial assistance received by governmental entities to be transferred to or spent, according to legal or contractual requirements, on behalf of secondary recipients, which may or may not be governmental entities or agencies. Pass-through grants are grants which meet any of the following criteria:

The government entity monitors secondary recipients for compliance with program requirements.

The governmental entity determines secondary recipients eligibility even if the grantor's eligibility criteria are used.

The governmental entity is able to determine how grant funds are to be allocated.

The governmental entity has direct financial involvement in administration of the grant, such as financing part of the program costs for matching purposes or being liable for disallowed costs. This does not apply to incidental administrative costs.

Grant Name	Federal Identification Number	\$ Amount
<u>s</u>		

STATE OF LOUISIANA
(Agency)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

Q. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

(List all in-kind contributions that are not included in the accompanying financial reports.)

In-Kind Contributions	Cost/Estimated Cost/ Fair Market Value as Determined by Granton
	\$
Total	\$

(NOTE: In-kind contributions represent things of value donated or received by your agency from an outside source which would otherwise create an expenditure to the agency if the agency was required to purchase the goods or services from current resources. Examples are 1) pharmacy items donated to a state hospital from a pharmaceutical company, 2) food items donated to a state prison from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or 3) donated fixed assets, recorded at fair market value, and also recorded in general fixed assets. Do not include within the in-kind contribution funds contributed by local governments or nonprofit organizations to provide program matching shares.

R. PAYROLL AND RELATED BENEFITS ACCRUAL

Agencies will be required to reflect the 2002-2003 accrued personal services cost for this fiscal year on the accompanying financial reports. The following schedule will aid you in doing so. As most agency units pay their employees biweekly this would require a fiscal year 2001-02 accrual calculation based on five (5) days and the fiscal year 2002-03 calculation will be based on six (6) days. Agencies must also determine the federal match on this accrual calculation. Agencies must submit the payroll accrual by program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

		FY 2001-02	FY 2002-03
1.	07/12/02 Payroll (gross & related)	\$	
2.	07/11/03 Payroll (gross & related)	<u>X 50.0</u> %	\$X 60.0%
2a.	Payroll accrual	(
2b.	Add voids and supplementals (off cycle) paid in the 45 day close with prior year appropriations.		
3.	Total payroll accruals	\$	\$
4.	Estimated federal receivable attributed to the accrual shown above	\$	\$
5.	Total Agency Ex Total programs from Schedule 1(or 3-1 (Schedule 1, col. V, line 18 or Schedule 3-2	if applicable)	
6.	Less: 2001-02 accrual from line 3, colo	umn 1 above	
7.	Plus: 2002-03 accrual from line 3, col	umn 2 above	
8.	This should be the total for <u>all</u> program	S	\$
	Total Federal	Revenue	
9.	Federal Funds from Schedule 3, colum Schedule 3-1, column V, line 1 (Federal Funds from Schedule 3-1)		
10.	Less: 2001-02 accrual from line 4, col	umn 1 above	
11.	Plus: 2002-03 accrual from line 4, colu	ımn 2 above	
12.	Less: Deferred Revenues on Note G (F	Federal)	
13.	Total Federal Funds for all programs.		\$

(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

Accrual by Programs:	Payroll	<u>Federal</u> Receivable
Program 1	\$	\$\$
Program 2		
Program 3		
Program 4		
Program 5		
Total	\$	
PER DIEM PAID BOARD (COMMISSION)	MEMBERS	

T. CONSULTANT FEES FOR FEASIBILITY STUDIES AND OTHER SPECIAL REPORTS

Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Legislature.

Schedule 11 presents professional services payments made for consultant fees for feasibility studies and other special reports. This schedule is prepared in compliance with Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 35 of the Regular Session of 1974.

Louisiana Revised Statute _____, and are presented in compliance with Senate Concurrent

U. COOPERATIVE ENDEAVORS

LRS 33:9022 defines cooperative endeavors as any form of economic development assistance between and among the state of Louisiana, its local governmental subdivisions, political corporations, public benefit corporations, the United States government or its agencies, or any public or private association, corporation, or individual. The term cooperative endeavor includes cooperative financing, cooperative development, or any form of cooperative economic development activity. The state of Louisiana has entered into cooperative endeavor agreements with certain entities aimed at developing the economy of the state. The liability outstanding as of June 30, 2003, by funding source, is as follows:

	Balance
Funding Source	June 30, 2003
State General Fund	\$
Self-generated revenue	
Statutorily dedicated revenue	
General obligation bonds	
Federal funds	
Interagency transfers	
Other funds/combination	

Be sure that you do not include encumbrances reported in note L.

NOTE: Amounts in excess of contract limits cannot be used to reduce the outstanding contract balance at June 30, 2003. For example, if a contract specifies a percentage of usage for each month (25%) and usage exceeds that percentage (75%), you cannot claim actual usage that exceeds contract requirements (50%).

STATE OF LOUISIANA
(Agency)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

NOTE: In order to compute your ending balances by funding source, you should begin with your balances at June 30, 2002. These amounts will be increased by amounts for new contracts and amendments and decreased for payments as well as for liquidations.

V.	GOVERNMENT-MANDATED NONEX The following government-mandated no fiscal year 2002-03:		
	CFDA	State Match	Total Amount

CFDA Number	Program name	State Match Percentage		Grant
			% \$	88 8
		_		

W. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Describe)

X. GASB 34 ACCRUALS moved to Schedule 14

Y. PREPAID EXPENSES

Certain items are commonly paid for in advance. Examples are insurance premiums and rent. If your prepayments, along with your other adjustments, exceed the materiality levels as discussed on page 2 of the cover letter, you should disclose this amount below. The amount of prepaid expenses, including postage, for this agency at June 30, 2003 is \$_______.

STATE OF LOUISIANA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20
Z. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE
The total amount of open accounts payable should agree with Schedule 1, line 18 of column III plus column IV, less any system payroll voids and supplementals (off-cycle) paid in the 13 th period Accounts payable for this agency at June 30, 2003 is \$
AA. <u>INFRASTRUCTURE</u>
Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets associated with governmental activities that normally are stationary in nature and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples include roads, bridges, tunnels, street signage, street lamps, traffic signals, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems.
Each agency with infrastructure assets is required to track infrastructure expenditures to determine if the year's expenditures would be above the \$3 million threshold per infrastructure asset. List individually those infrastructure items with a value of \$3,000,000 per infrastructure asset, per year:
Description of Infrastructure \$
BB. LAND AND LAND IMPROVEMENTS (not reported to State Land Office or Facility Planning and Control)
Some agencies may acquire land or make land improvements that are not reported to the State Land Office or Facility Planning and Control. Land improvements are those betterments, improvements, and site preparations that ready land for its intended use. Some examples of land improvements would be excavation, filling, grading, demolition of existing buildings, and removal or relocation of other property (telephone or power lines). Other land improvements are built or installed to enhance or facilitate the use of the land for a particular purpose and may include walking paths and trails, fences and gates, landscaping, sprinkler systems, fountains, and beaches. Land and land improvements should be reported at cost, estimated cost, or estimated fair value at date of acquisition and should include all expenses necessary to obtain title such as legal fees.
List individually all land acquisitions and any improvements to land that the agency has made during the fiscal year that is not reported to the State Land Office or Facility Planning and Control:
Description of Land or Improvement \$

Information for Note C "Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments"

Purpose:

Note C provides the required disclosures about the governmental entities' deposits with financial institutions and investments. The disclosures required for deposits and investments as of June 30, 2003 provides information about the credit risk and market risk of the deposits and investments and are designed to provide users of the financial statements information about the potential for losses associated with the deposits and investments.

1. "Deposits with Financial Institutions" section of Note C:

Generally, this section of the GASB 3 disclosure refers to the various examples of "Deposits With Financial Institutions" (See A. for examples). They include deposit accounts in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. They can be demand, savings, or time accounts, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and non-negotiable CD's.

A. Examples and/or definitions:

- 1. Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit Nonnegotiable CDs are time deposits that are placed by depositors directly with financial institutions and generally are subject to a penalty if redeemed before maturity. These are treated as **deposits** for GASB 3 Note disclosures. (Negotiable CDs are securities that are normally sold in \$1 million units that are traded in a secondary market. These are treated as **investments** for GASB 3 Note disclosures.)
- 2. <u>Money Market Accounts</u> financial institution "money market" accounts are simply deposits that pay interest at a rate set to make the accounts competitive with money market mutual funds. They should be treated like any other deposit account for GASB 3 Note disclosures.
- 3. Bank Investment Contracts (BICs) A BIC is a general obligation instrument issued by a bank, typically to a pension plan, that provides for a guaranteed return on principal over a specified period. Since these are issued by a bank, they are treated as **deposits** for GASB 3 Note disclosures.

B. Other definitions as applied to deposits:

- Insured (Insurance) deposits are insured by federal deposit insurance (FDIC), state deposit insurance, multiple financial institution collateral pools that insure public deposits, and even commercial insurance (if scope of coverage would be substantially the same as FDIC).
- 2. <u>Collateral</u> Security pledged by a financial institution to a government entity for its deposits.

II. "Investments" section of Note C:

Investments for GASB 3 requirements are either "categorized as to level of credit risk" or "not categorized", and are generally classified by whether they fit the definition of securities or not (see the definition of securities in section IV.C.).

- A. Types of investments that can be categorized as to level of risk & definitions/ examples: (In general, investments that fit the definition of securities are categorized in categories of risk.)
 - Repurchase Agreements An agreement in which a governmental entity (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a broker-dealer or financial institution (seller-borrower); the broker-dealer or financial institution transfers securities to the entity and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
 - 2. <u>U.S. Government Obligations</u> examples include treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury strips; obligations of certain U.S. Government Agencies such as FNMA, FHLB, or SLMA.
 - 3. Common & Preferred Stock a security that represents an ownership interest in an entity.
 - Commercial Paper An unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. Almost all commercial paper is rated as to credit risk by rating services.
 - Corporate Bonds

- 6. Other It is not appropriate to present material amounts of investments as "Other", unless the narrative of the note disclosure describes the composition of the "Other" category.
 - a. <u>Closed-end Mutual Fund</u> The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. A closed-end mutual fund has a constant number of shares, the value depends on the market supply and demand for the shares rather than directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does issue certificates, and the securities are traded on a stock exchange.
- B. Types of investments that cannot be categorized as to level of risk: (In general, investments that are not securities are not classified in categories of credit risk)
 - Reverse Repurchase Agreements An agreement in which a broker-dealer or financial institution (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a governmental entity (seller-borrower); the entity transfers securities to the broker-dealer or financial institution and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
 - Open-end Mutual Funds The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. In contrast to a closed-end mutual fund, the open-end mutual fund creates new shares to meet investor demand, the value depends directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does not issue certificates but sends out periodic statements showing account activity. These investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
 - 3. <u>Investments in pools managed by another government</u> GASB 3 does not require the investment to be categorized as to level of risk, but it does not prohibit it either. Generally, these investments would not be categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
 - 4. Private placements, such as venture capital and limited partnerships
 - 5. Investments in real estate, annuity contracts, and direct investments in mortgages
- III. Categories of Credit Risk for Deposits and Investments:
 - Deposits and investments are subject to several types of risks, mainly credit risk and market risk.
 - <u>Credit risk</u> defined as the risk that a counterparty to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations and can be associated with the issuer of securities, with a financial institution holding deposits, or with a party holding investment or collateral securities.
 - <u>Market risk</u> defined as the risk that the market value of investment securities, collateral securities protecting a deposit, or securities of a repurchase agreement will decline.
 - <u>Credit risk categories</u> concerned with custodial credit risk, which is the risk that a government will not be able (1) to recover deposits if the depository financial institution fails or (2) to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the investment or deposit transaction fails.
 - A. Deposits are classified into three categories depending on whether they are insured or collateralized, and who holds the collateral and how the collateral is held.
 - Collateral Securities pledged by the financial institution for the purpose of securing the governmental entity's deposits.
 - <u>Collateralized</u> When the entity's deposits are secured with securities pledged by the financial institution holding the deposits.
 - <u>Category 1</u> Deposits that are covered by insurance (FDIC) or collateralized with securities that are held by the entity in the entity's name or registered in the entity's name.
 - Category 2 Deposits that are not insured but are collateralized with securities that are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and are in the entity's name.
 - Category 3 Deposits that are not covered by insurance and also are not collateralized. Not collateralized includes when the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and they are not in the entity's name.

- B. Investments are classified into three categories depending on whether they are insured or registered, and who holds the securities and how they are held.
 - <u>Category 1</u> Investments that are insured (SIPC) or registered in the entity's name, or securities held by the entity or agent in the entity's name.
 - <u>Category 2</u> Investments that are not insured or registered, and the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name.
 - <u>Category 3</u> Investments that are not insured or registered, and the securities are held by the counterparty or it's trust department or agent not in the entity's name.
- C. Securities as applied to the credit risk categories:

 Securities a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship. Securities can be in either paper or book-entry form.
 - Examples of securities that are often held by or pledged to (as collateral) governmental entities include:
 - a. treasury bills, treasury notes, treasury bonds
 - b. federal agency obligations
 - c. corporate debt instruments (including commercial paper)
 - d. corporate equity instruments
 - e. negotiable CD's (keyword here is negotiable)
 - f. bankers' acceptances
 - g. shares of closed-end mutual funds (keyword here is closed-end)
 - h. shares of unit investment trusts
 - Instruments or investments that are <u>not</u> securities include: (These instruments or investments would therefore not be categorized as to credit risk for GASB 3 disclosure requirements)
 - a. investments made directly with another party (such as limited partnerships)
 - b. real estate
 - c. direct investments in mortgages and other loans
 - d. investments in open-ended mutual funds (keyword here is open-ended)
 - e. pools managed by other governments
 - f. annuity contracts
 - g. guaranteed investment contracts